ALVARO VIDELA - @old_sound

METAPHORS WE COMPUTE BY

THE YEAR IS 1980

GEORGE LAKOFF & MARK JOHNSON

METAPHORS WE LIVE BY

METAPHOR ISN'T JUST A MATTER OF POETRY AND RHETORICAL FLOURISH

How we think

- How we think
- How we behave

- How we think
- How we behave
- How we perceive

- How we think
- How we behave
- How we perceive
- How our conceptual system is built

Your claims are indefensible

- Your claims are indefensible
- ▶ He attacked every weak point in my argument

- Your claims are indefensible
- ▶ He attacked every weak point in my argument
- ▶ I *demolished* his argument

- Your claims are indefensible
- He attacked every weak point in my argument
- ▶ I *demolished* his argument
- I never won an argument with him

- Your claims are indefensible
- ▶ He attacked every weak point in my argument
- ▶ I *demolished* his argument
- Inever won an argument with him
- His criticisms were *right on target*

WHAT IF ARGUMENT IS A DANCE?

I'M NOT CONVINCED

LET'S TALK ABOUT POLITICS

HOW METAPHORS SHAPE WOMEN'S LIVES

Consider an experiment that explored how the metaphors of crime can affect people's decision-making. In 2011, Lera Boroditsky and Paul H Thibodeau at Stanford University asked students to read one of two crime reports; one described crime as a "wild beast preying on the city" and the other as a "virus infecting the city". The solutions that the students presented to reduce crime were fascinating: 75% of the 'beast' students thought jail or punishment would resolve crime and 25% suggested social reforms. Yet of those that had been told crime "plagued" neighbourhoods, only 56% opted for more enforcement and 44% wanted social reforms.

FEMINIS M CONFRONTS TECHNOLOGY

J U D Y W A J C M A N

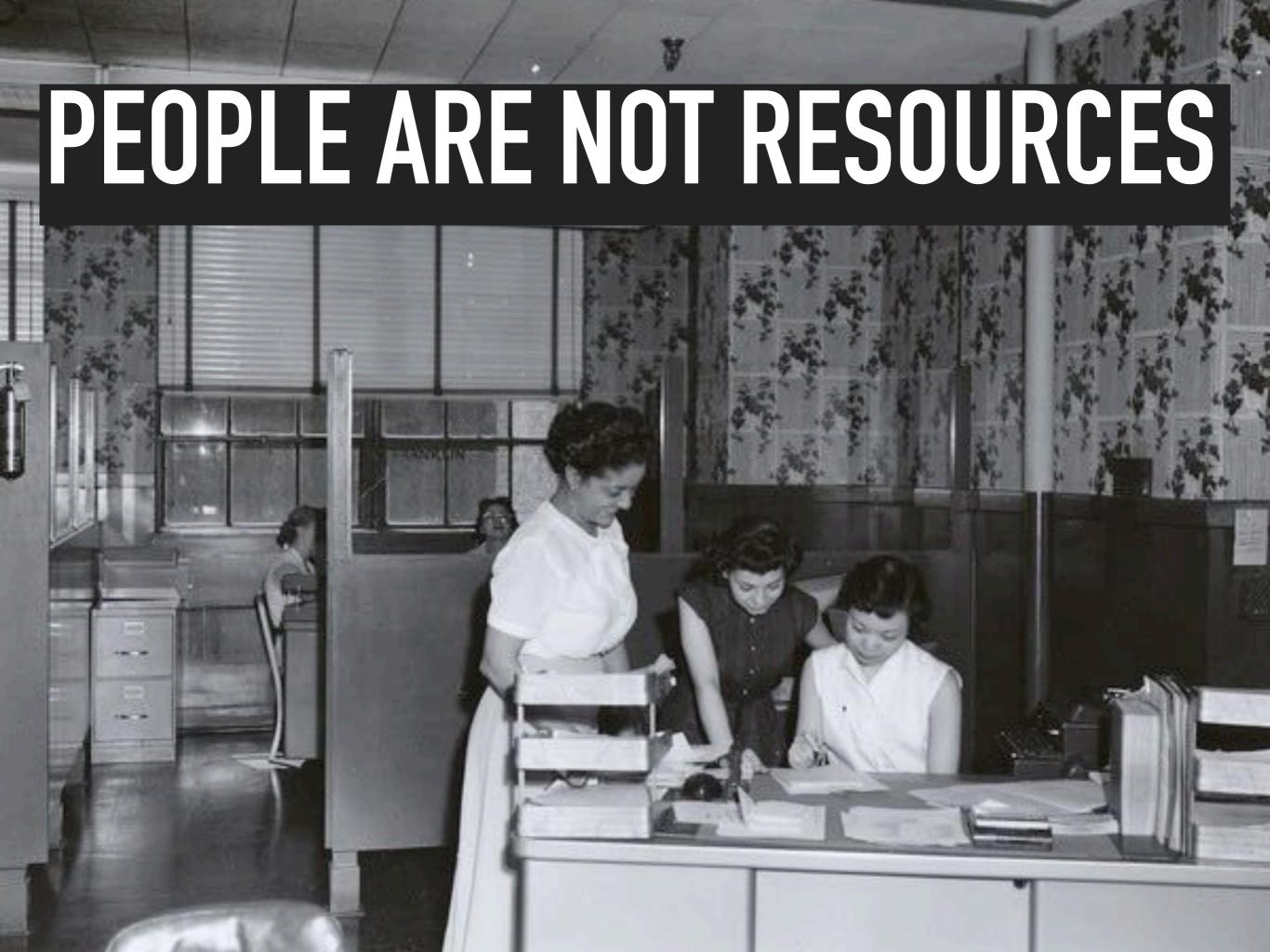


are referred to by the female pronoun! Similarly, the complementary values of hard/soft are also used to legitimate female exclusion from the world of engineering.8 Masculinity is expressed both in terms of muscular physical strength and aggression, and in terms of analytical power. 'At one moment, in order to fortify their identification with physical engineering, men dismiss the intellectual world as "soft". At the next moment, however, they need to appropriate sedentary, intellectual engineering work for masculinity too.' (Cockburn, 1985, p. 190)

No matter how masculinity is defined according to this everadaptable ideology, it always constructs women as ill-suited to technological pursuits.

I'M STILL NOT CONVINCED

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



TRIGGER WARNING

GIVING A PLATFORM TO RACISTS

"WRESTLING WITH INCLUSION AT XYZCONF"

"WRESTLING WITH INCLUSION AT XYZCONF"

LET'S TALK ABOUT COMPUTERS





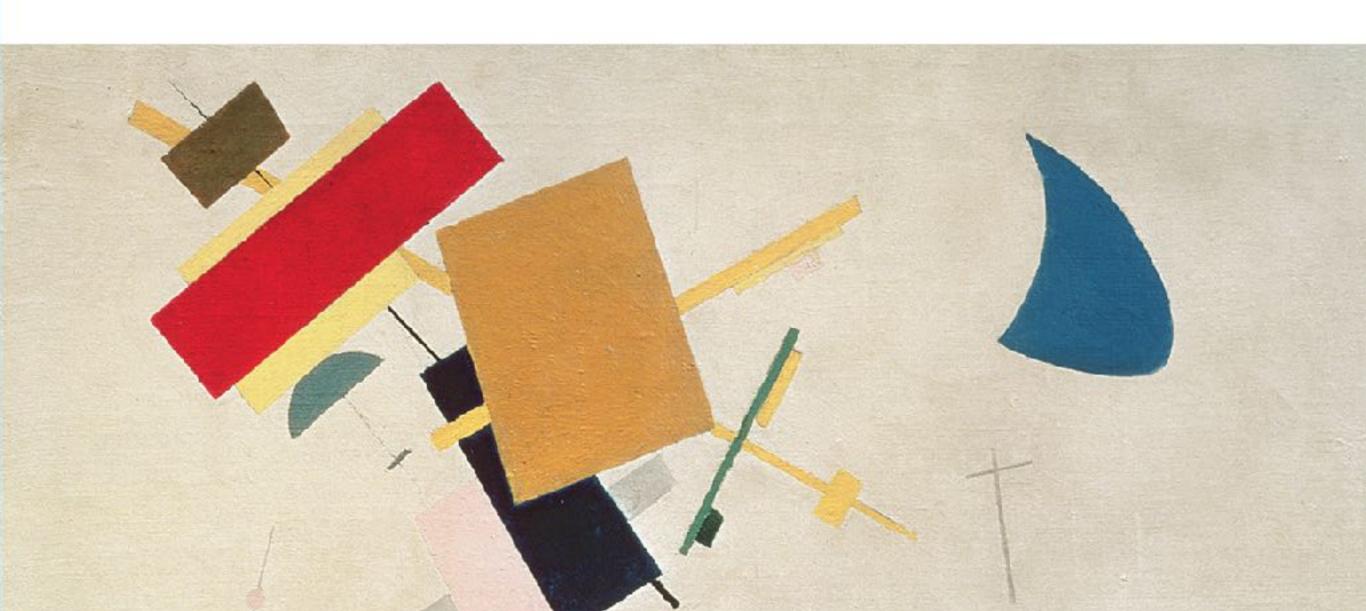
METAPHORS ENABLE UNDERSTANDING

JULIET IS LIKE THE SUN

JULIET GAVE ME SKIN CANCER

THE GEOMETRY OF MEANING

SEMANTICS BASED ON CONCEPTUAL SPACES PETER GÄRDENFORS



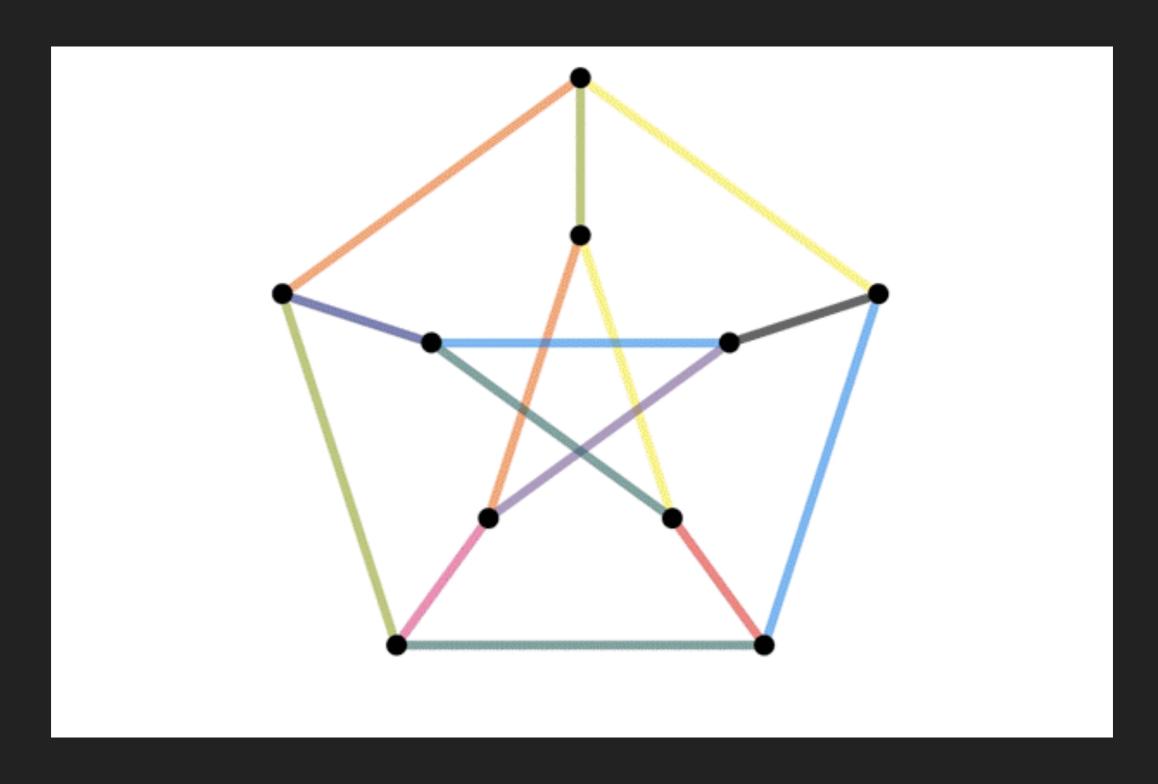
METAPHORICAL MAPPINGS PRESERVE THE THE COGNITIVE TOPOLOGY OF THE SOURCE DOMAIN

IN A WAY CONSISTENT WITH THE INHERENT STRUCTURE OF THE TARGET DOMAIN

METAPHORS TRANSFER INFORMATION FROM ONE CONCEPTUAL DOMAIN TO ANOTHER

WHAT IS TRANSFERRED IS A PATTERN RATHER THAN DOMAIN SPECIFIC INFORMATION

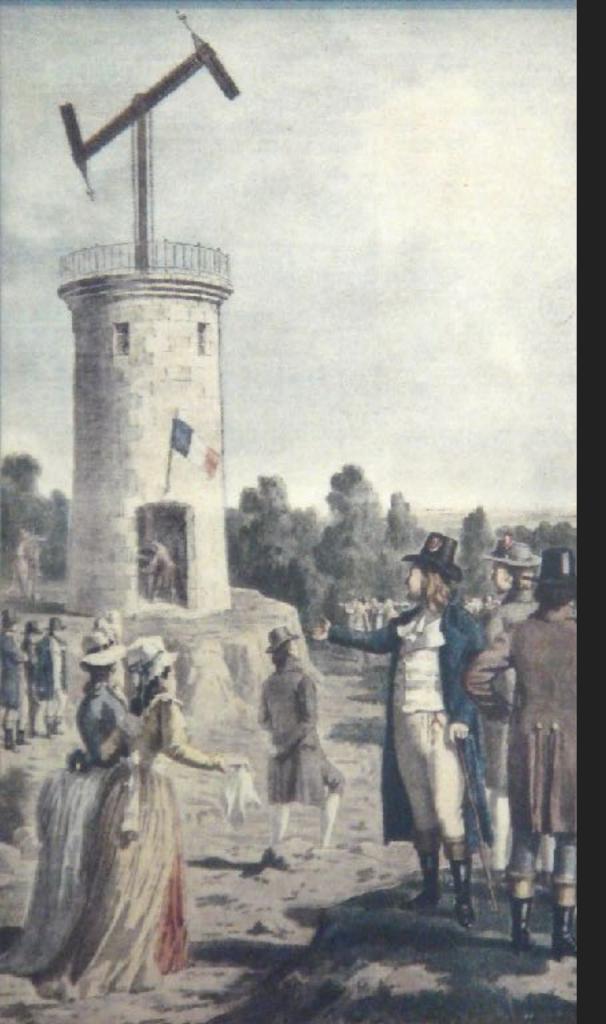
A METAPHOR CAN THUS BE USED TO IDENTIFY A STRUCTURE IN A DOMAIN THAT WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED OTHERWISE



GRAPH ISOMORPHISM

THIS IS HOW METAPHORS CREATE NEW KNOWLEDGE

METAPHORS OBSCURE UNDERSTANDING



TELE-GRAPH

"SOMETIMES OUR TOOLS DO WHAT WE TELL THEM TO. OTHER TIMES, WE ADAPT OURSELVES TO OUR TOOLS' REQUIREMENTS"

Nicholas Carr

METAPHORS ARE THE TOOLS OF THOUGHT

METAPHORS AND CODE

WHAT A PROGRAMMER DOES

It has been believed that a programmer occasionally writes code and gets it running on a computer, and that this is what he is paid for. In spite of his obvious inefficiency, no one else seems to do this work more effectively. However, his activity is still observed principally as loafing—a kind of ritual (like the British and teatime) which must be put up with.

Another view of what a programmer does addresses more constructively all that "wasted" time and

cludes more than the running code, more than the symbolic code, or even the operator's guide, the maintenance guide, or the design guide. For in fact, in response to any serious breach of the program's integrity, a programmer will become involved, as part of the integral organization built by the original programmer. If one now looks closely, he can begin to recognize the intent of those steps in the ritual of programming.

WHAT A PROGRAMMER DOES

It has been believed that a programmer occasionally writes code and gets cludes more than the running code, more than the symbolic code, or even

BEST UNKNOWN PAPER

(like the British and teatime) which must be put up with.

Another view of what a programmer does addresses more constructively all that "wasted" time and by the original programmer. If one now looks closely, he can begin to recognize the intent of those steps in the ritual of programming.

"TO PROGRAM IS TO WRITE TO ANOTHER PROGRAMMER ABOUT OUR SOLUTION TO A PROBLEM"

What a Programmer Does

"NO ONE HAS SEEN A PROGRAM WHICH THE MACHINE COULD NOT COMPREHEND BUT WHICH HUMANS DID"

What a Programmer Does

TYPES ARE THE CHARACTERS THAT TELL THE STORY OF OUR PROGRAMS

PROGRAMMING WITH ABSTRACT DATA TYPES

Barbara Liskov Massachusetts Institute of Technology Project MAC Cambridge, Massachusetts

PROGRAMMING WITH ABSTRACT DATA TYPES

The motivation behind the work in very-high-level languages is to ease the programming task by providing the programmer with a language containing primitives or abstractions suitable to his problem area. The programmer is then able to spend his effort in the right place; he concentrates on solving his problem, and the resulting program will be more reliable as a result. Clearly, this is a worthwhile goal.

Unfortunately, it is very difficult for a designer to select in advance all the abstractions which the users of his language might need. If a language is to be used at all, it is likely to be used to solve problems which its designer did not envision, and for which the abstractions embedded in the language are not sufficient.

This paper presents an approach which allows the set of built-in abstractions to be augmented when the need for a new data abstraction is discovered. This approach to the handling of abstraction is an outgrowth of work on designing a language for structured programming. Relevant aspects of this language are described, and examples of the use and definitions of abstractions are given.

WITHOUT TYPES WE JUST HAVE OPERATIONS ON STREAM OF BYTES

Array

- Array
- Set

- Array
- Set
- LinkedList

- Array
- Set
- LinkedList
- Queue

- Array
- Set
- LinkedList
- Queue
- Stack

A PROGRAM'S EXPLANATORY POWER IS THE MEASURE OF ITS OWN ELEGANCE

DATA STRUCTURES HAVE EXPLANATORY POWER

COGNITIVE LEAPS



TASK SCHEDULING

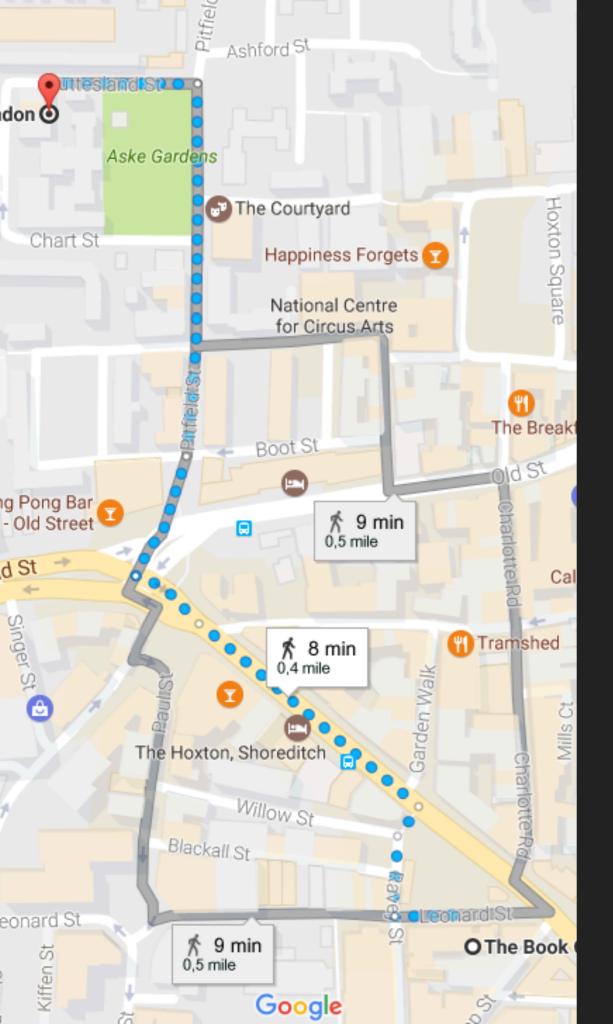


TASK SCHEDULING

QUEUEING THEORY

Ashford St don 🗿 Aske Gardens The Courtyard Hoxton Square Chart St Happiness Forgets National Centre for Circus Arts The Break Boot St ng Pong Bar - Old Street Cal Singer St 💿 Tramshed **∱** 8 min 0,4 mile The Hoxton, Shoreditch Willow St Blackall St eonard St ∮ 9 min 0,5 mile OThe Book Google

ROUTE PLANNING



ROUTE PLANNING

GRAPH THEORY



DATABASE REPLICATION



DATABASE REPLICATION

RUMOUR MONGERING

THE MATHEMATICAL THEORY OF EPIDEMICS

NORMAN T. J. BAILEY, M.A.

Reader in Biometry, University of Oxford; Formerly Statistician to the Medical School, University of Cambridge



EPIDEMICS



CHARLES GRIFFIN & COMPANY LIMITED

SO EVERYTHING IS A METAPHOR?

I DON'T BELIEVE YOU

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS METAPHORS

Whenever **nodes** need to **agree** on a common value, we start a **consensus** algorithm to **decide** on a value. There's usually a **leader** process that takes care of making the final decision based on the **votes** it has received from its **peers**.



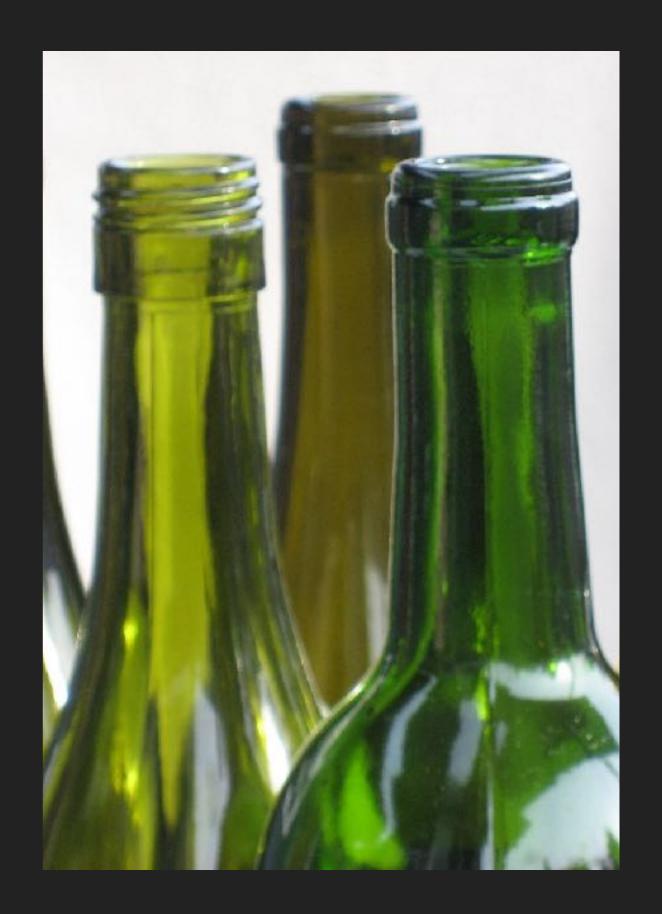
DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS METAPHORS

Nodes communicate sending messages over a channel, which might get congested due to too much traffic. This could create an information bottleneck, with queues at each end of the channels backing up.

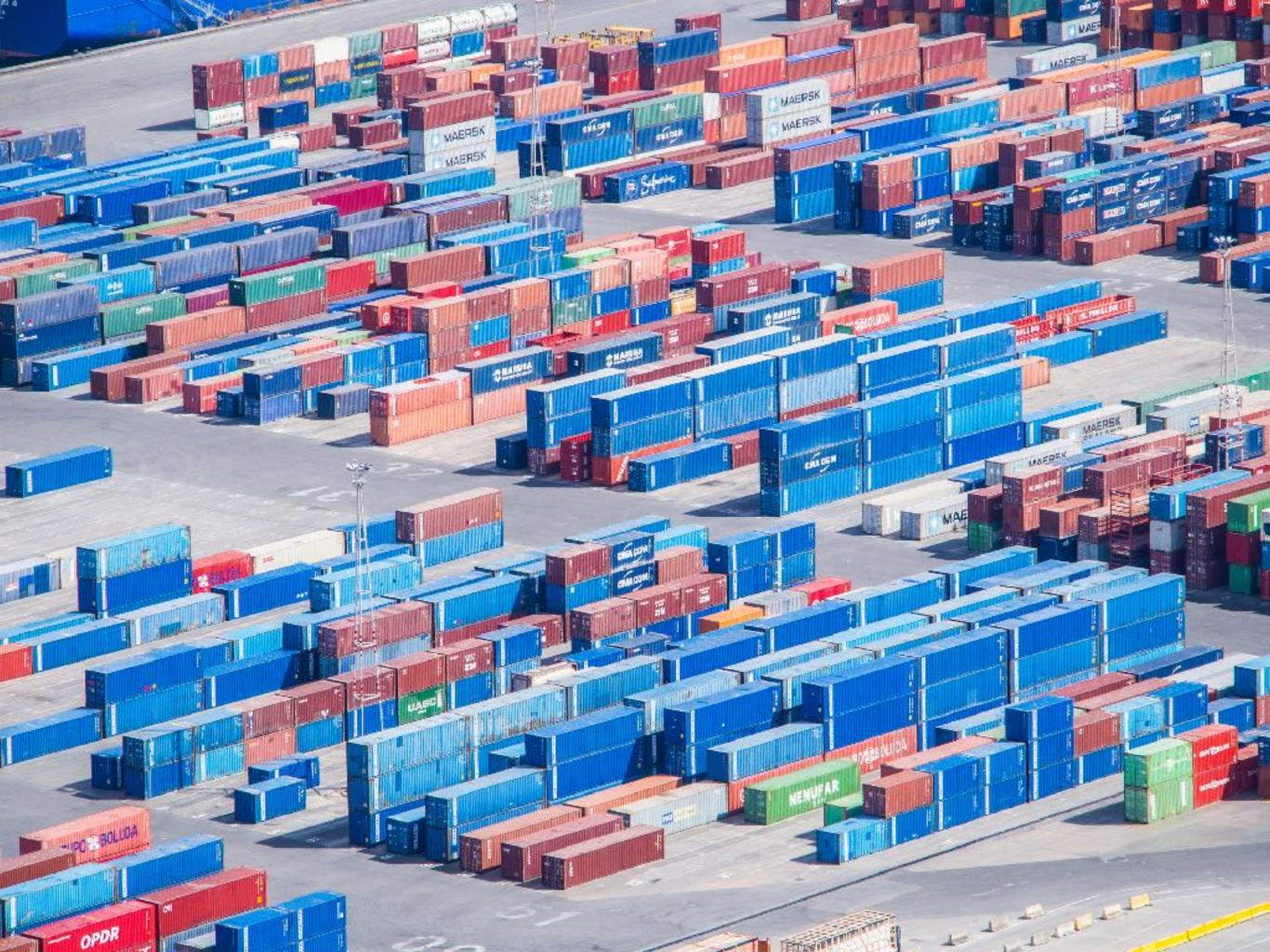


DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS METAPHORS

These **bottlenecks** might render one or more nodes **unresponsive**, causing **network partitions**. Is the process that's taking too long to **respond dead**? We won't know unless we set a timeout...

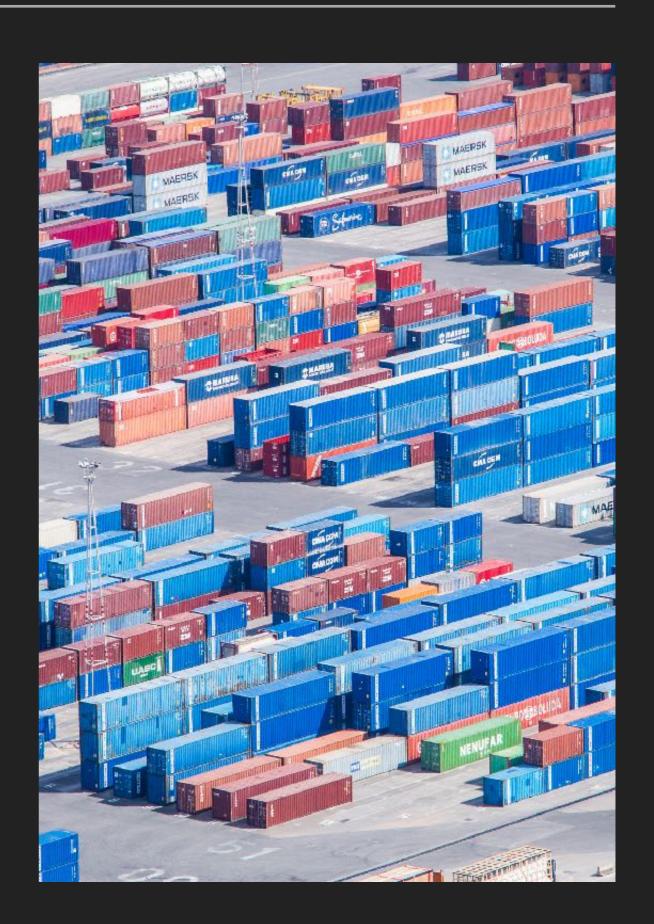


BUZZWORDS

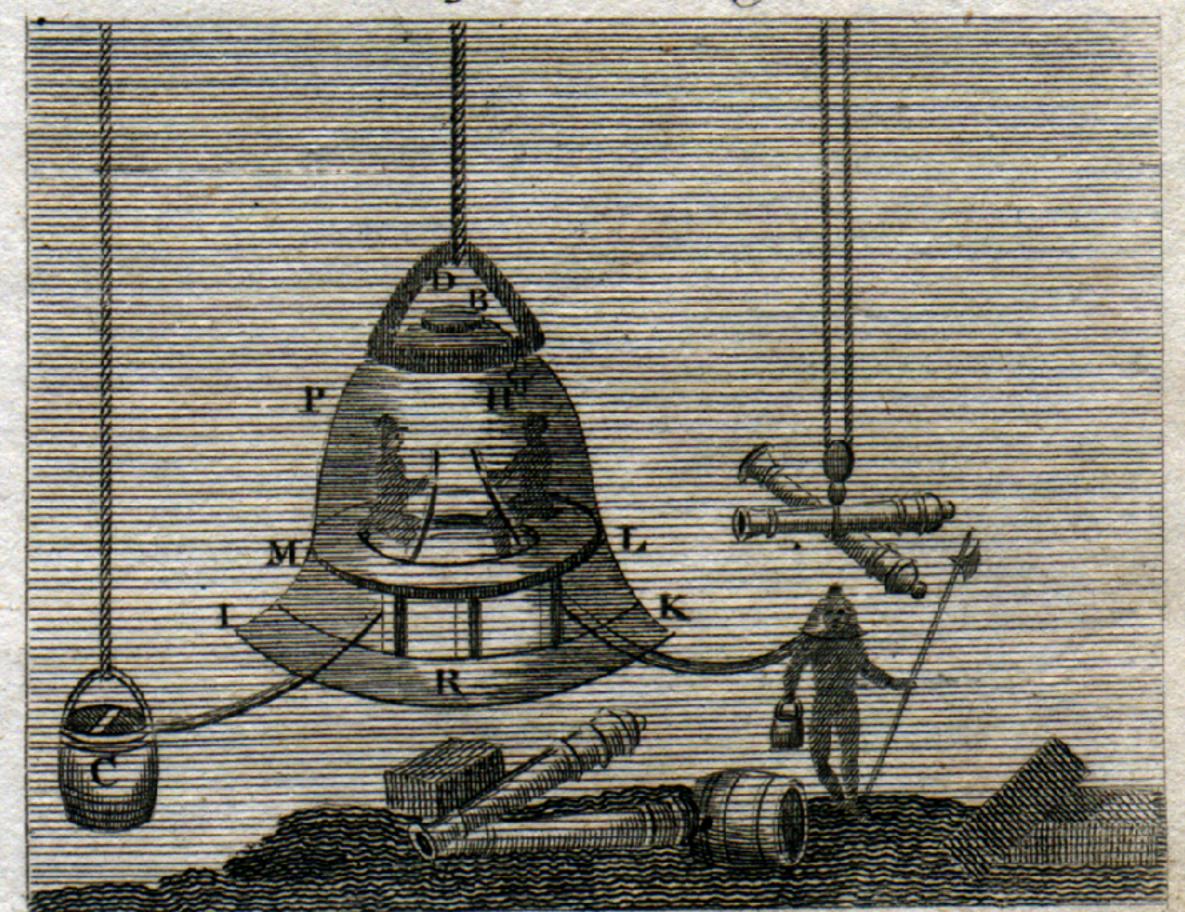


CONTAINERS

- Standard
- Ship Anywhere
- Train, Ships, Trucks
- Stackable
- Reusable



Halley's Diving Bell.





Intro Videos Design Agile Refactoring About Me All Sections = ThoughtWorks 🔊 💆

Microservices

a definition of this new architectural term

MICROSERVICES

25 March 2014



James Lewis

James Lewis is a Principal Consultant at ThoughtWorks and member of the Technology Advisory Board. James'

interest in building applications out of small collaborating services stems from a background in integrating enterprise systems at scale. He's built a number of

Contents

Characteristics of a Microservice Architecture
Componentization via Services
Organized around Business Capabilities
Products not Projects
Smart endpoints and dumb pipes
Decentralized Governance
Decentralized Data Management
Infrastructure Automation
Design for failure
Evolutionary Design

MICROSERVICES

- Decentralised Governance
- Monolith vs. Microservice
- Isolation
- Collaboration
- Small is better Big is cumbersome
- David vs. Goliath

BRING POWER BACK TO THE DEVELOPER AND THE DEVELOPER WILL MAKE YOU A KING

ERLANG ANYONE?

"IN ANOTHER DIRECTION, ONE COULD ARGUE THAT MICROSERVICES ARE THE SAME THING AS THE ERLANG PROGRAMMING MODEL, BUT APPLIED TO AN ENTERPRISE APPLICATION CONTEXT"

WHAT'S ERLANG'S ELEVATOR PITCH?

MASTER THE ART OF METAPHOR SELECTION

FIRST GET PEOPLE TO UNDERSTAND THINGS

THEN EXPLAIN HOW THINGS ACTUALLY WORK

RABBITMQ AJOB SERVER?

MASTER THE ART OF MEANING AMPLIFICATION

OUR PROGRAM IS THE METAPHOR FOR THE SOLUTION WE FOUND

REFERENCES

- Lakoff, George, and Mark Johnson. "Metaphors We Live By"
- Gärdenfors, Peter. "The Geometry of Meaning"
- Gleick, James. "The Information: A History, a Theory, a Flood"
- Geary, James. "I Is an Other: The Secret Life of Metaphor and How It Shapes the Way We See the World"
- Demers, Alan, Dan Greene, Carl Hauser, Wes Irish, and John Larson. "Epidemic Algorithms for Replicated Database Maintenance"

CREDITS - <u>CC BY-NC-ND</u>

- Office Workers: https://flic.kr/p/5WwpeV
- Sun: https://flic.kr/p/9Q6SY1
- Queue: https://flic.kr/p/8AqWW7
- Consensus: https://flic.kr/p/aws7dH
- Bottlenecks: https://flic.kr/p/EJ5Q3
- Gossip: https://flic.kr/p/4bCDr2
- Containers: https://flic.kr/p/nWLQxE

THANK YOU!

Cold sound